

OPPORTUNITIES IN PROVIDING DP SERVICES

O SMALL PROPERTY/CASUALTY COMPANIES



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Opportunities in Providing DP Services to Small Property/ Casualty Companies. March 1981.

DATE

BORROWER'S NAME

OPPORTUNITIES IN PROVIDING DP SERVICES
TO SMALL PROPERTY/CASUALTY COMPANIES

PREPARED FOR: INSCO SYSTEMS



MARCH 1981

- INPUT



TOPICS TO BE COVERED

- INTRODUCTION.
- COMPANIES' CURRENT DATA PROCESSING USE AND PLANS.
- MARKET SIZING.
- COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT.
- RECOMMENDATIONS.



INTRODUCTION

- PURPOSE OF STUDY.
 - EXAMINE MARKET FOR DATA PROCESSING SERVICES AIMED AT SMALLER INSURANCE COMPANIES.
 - EVALUATE LIKELIHOOD OF SUCCESS OF A TURNKEY PRODUCT.
- DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM ALTERNATIVES.
 - TURNKEY SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS.



SYSTEM ALTERNATIVES

- MANUAL SYSTEMS.
- COMPUTER SYSTEMS.
 - IN-HOUSE DATA PROCESSING.
 - . HARDWARE.
 - . SOFTWARE.
 - I. IN-HOUSE WRITTEN.
 - 2. VENDOR-SUPPLIED.
 - REMOTE PROCESSING SERVICES.
 - DISTRIBUTED DATA PROCESSING (DDP).
 - TURNKEY SYSTEMS.

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Pa	TURNKEY	TEN USUALLY LOW	HGH	GH LOW-MEDIUM	DP DEPT. END USER ORIENTED.
FUNCTIONAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN TURNKEY - continued SYSTEMS AND VENDOR-SUPPLIED SOFTWARE	VENDOR	OWLEDGE VARIES - OFTEN OF OF	BY VENDOR VARIES	NERS ARE MEDIUM-HIGH WARE.	INESS". VARIES - OFTEN ORIENTED TO TRADITIONAL DP DEPT.
FUNCTIONAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN TURNK SYSTEMS AND VENDOR-SUPPLIED SOFTWARE		EXTENT OF TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE & SELF SUPPORT REQUIRED OF CUSTOMER.	LEVEL OF "HAND HOLDING" BY VENDOR	EXTENT TO WHICH CUSTOMERS ARE ALLOWED TO MODIFY SOFTWARE.	EXTENT OF "USER FRIENDLINESS". IN SOFTWARE.



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1.	COMPANIES	EXPERIENCE	ANU	LLAINO

- SAMPLE PROFILE.
- CURRENT LEVEL OF AUTOMATION.
- SOURCES OF PRESENT AUTOMATION.
- FUTURE PLANS.
- SOURCES OF FUTURE AUTOMATION.
- VENDOR SELECTION PROCESS.



CHARACTERISTIC OF INTERVIEW SAMPLE

	TYPE	OF COMPAN	MPANY	
# OF COMPANIES	MUTUAL	STOCK	TOTAL	
INDIVIDUAL	8	9	17	
MEMBER OF GROUP	5	8		
TOTAL:	13	17	30	

A COMPANY WITHIN A GROUP WAS EXCLUDED IF THE GROUP WAS TOO LARGE.



CHARACTERISTIC OF INTERVIEW SAMPLE - continued

TYPE OF COMPANY

	115	E OF COMPAI	<u> </u>
SIZE OF COMPANY*	MUTUAL	STOCK	TOTAL
UNDER \$10 MILLION	1	4	5
BETWEEN \$10-25 MILLION	5	4	9
BETWEEN \$25 AND 100 MILLION	7	9	<u> 16</u>
TOTAL	13	17	30

^{*}DIRECT PREMIUMS



CHARACTERISTICS OF SMALLER COMPANIES

- INFORMAL, LITTLE BUREAUCRACY, E.G.,
 - FEW FORMAL DATA PROCESSING BUDGETS.
- FLEXIBILITY IN MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATION.
 - TOP MANAGEMENT INTIMATELY INVOLVED IN ALL IMPORTANT ISSUES.
 - LITTLE PERMANENT SPECIALIZATION IN CLERICAL DUTIES.
 - EFFICIENT MANUAL SYSTEMS.
- MORE AGGRESSIVE COMPANIES REACT VERY QUICKLY TO MARKETPLACE.
 - SYSTEMS MUST RESPOND EQUALLY QUICKLY.



CHARACTERISTICS OF SMALLER COMPANIES - continued

- AUTOMATION VIEWED AS USEFUL, BUT NOT MAGIC.
 - MOST DATA BASES NOT LARGE ENOUGH FOR UNDERWRITING ADVANTAGES.
- COMPANIES VIEW THEMSELVES AS BEING UNIQUE.
 - SENIOR VP (OPERATIONS) "I'VE BEEN IN FOUR COMPANIES AND IT'S HARD TO SAY WHY, BUT EACH ONE HAS BEEN UNIQUE (ADMINISTRATIVELY). THE SAME COMPUTER SYSTEM COULD NOT MEET ALL THEIR NEEDS."



CURRENT AUTOMATION AND LEVEL OF SATISFACTION

		•
COMPANY TYPE	AUTOMATION* LEVEL	SATISFACTION** LEVEL
ALLITUAL C		
MUTUALS		
UNDER \$25 MILLION	2.2	4.2
OVER \$25 MILLION	2.6	3.3
TOTAL	2.4	3.8
STOCK		
UNDER \$25 MILLION	2.4	3.5
OVER \$25 MILLION	2.0	3.9
TOTAL	2.2	3.7
TOTAL		
UNDER \$25 MILLION	2.3	3.8
OVER \$25 MILLION	2.2	3.6
*EXTENT OF AUTOMATION		

- 5 ON-LINE, INTERACTIVE ALL FUNCTIONS, ALL LINES.
- 4 ON-LINE INTERACTIVE, SIGNIFICANT BUT LESS THAN ABOVE.
- RATING AND POLICY ISSUANCE.
- 2 RJE, LESS THAN ABOVE.
- BATCH OR RJE STAT'S ONLY.

** I = LOW; 3 = AVERAGE; 5 = HIGH

- INPUT -



FIVE INSCO CLIENTS EXCLUDED; SEVERAL OTHER COMPANIES USE MORE THAN ONE SOURCE.

NOTE:

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		Z	IN-HOUSE					p
	H	HARDWARE	R E			V E N	VENDOR	
COMPANY TYPE	IBM	NON- IBM	TOTAL	SOFT- WARE	AFF. PROC.	PROC.	SOFT- WARE	
MUTUALS UNDER \$25 MILLION (5)		2	m	4	0	2	0	
OVER: \$25 MILLION (7)	m -	m '	9 0	4 6	7 5	0 0	- -	
101AL (12)	7	ᡐ	ъ	∞	7	7	_	
STOCK								
UNDER \$25 MILLION (5)	2	4	9	4	0	_	0	
OVER \$25 MILLION (8)	4	-	5	2	2	5	2	
TOTAL (13)	9	5	=	6	2	3	2	
TOTAL COMPANIES (25)	01	0	20	17	4	2	က	
UNDER \$25 MILLION	က	9	6	8	0	က	0	
OVER \$25 MILLION	7	7		6	7	2	က	



ATTITUDE TOWARD DIFFERENT SOURCES OF AUTOMATION

	NUMBER OF EXPRESSIN	COMPANIES IG OPINION
TYPE OF SYSTEM	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE
MANUAL SYSTEMS	2	15
IN-HOUSE HARDWARE	25	I
IN-HOUSE DEVELOPED SOFTWARE	21	3
VENDOR PROCESSING SERVICE	0	14
VENDOR (INSURANCE) SOFTWARE	8	П
TURNKEY SYSTEMS	2	12

NOTE: 30 RESPONDENTS.



TIMING OF FUTURE PLANS

- TIMING DIFFICULT FOR COMPANIES TO FORECAST.
 - NO BUDGET/PLANNING PROCESS.
 - RECENT UNDERWRITING EXPERIENCE HAS BEEN POOR.
 - IN MANY COMPANIES "A YEAR IS THE LONG TERM".
- CRITERIA USED.
 - IMPLEMENTATION TO START WITHIN THREE YEARS.
 - LIKELY TO OCCUR.



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		NUMBER OF COMPANIES PLANNING:	NIES PLANNING:	
COMPANY TYPE	ENTIRELY NEW SYSTEMS	SIGNIFICANT ENHANCEMENTS*	NEW AND ENHANCEMENTS	FEW/NO CHANGES
MUTUALS UNDER \$25 MILLION OVER: \$25 MILLION TOTAL	0 5 5 5	5 4 6	5 -	-
STOCK UNDER \$25 MILLION OVER \$25 MILLION TOTAL	4 3 3	6 5	7 8 15	5
TOTAL COMPANIES UNDER \$25 MILLION	6 7	17	26	. 2
OVER \$25 MILLION 5 *ADDING MAJOR FUNCTIONS (E.G., RATING) OR	5 ONS (E.G., RATING)	9 14 OR EXPANDING LINES COVERED	14 NES COVERED	2



SOURCE OF SOFTWARE FOR COMPANIES' FUTURE SYSTEMS

NUMBER OF COMPANIES PLANNING:

COMPANY TYPE	IN-HOUSE DEVELOPMENT	VENDOR SOFTWARE
MUTUALS		
UNDER \$25 MILLION	4	*
OVER \$25 MILLION	2	.5
TOTAL	6	6
STOCK		
UNDER \$25 MILLION	. 4	3
OVER \$25 MILLION	4	3
TOTAL	8	. 6
TOTAL COMPANIES	14	12
UNDER \$25 MILLION	8	4
OVER \$25 MILLION	6	8

^{*}INCLUDES ONE COMPANY PLANNING TO CONTINUE USING A VENDOR PROCESSING SERVICE.

- MORE IN-HOUSE DEVELOPMENT BY SMALLER MUTUALS.
- NO TURNKEY SYSTEMS PLANNED.
- NO VENDOR PROCESSING PLANNED FOR FUTURE SYSTEMS.

INPUT -



SOURCE OF SOFTWARE FUTURE SYSTEMS	RE SYSTEMS		
NUMBER OF COMPANIES PLANNING:	ENTIRELY NEW SYSTEMS	SIGNIFICANT	TOTAL
IN-HOUSE DEVELOPMENT	ю	Ξ	7 I
VENDOR SOFTWARE	9	*9	12
DON'T KNOW	_	_	2
*INCLUDES ONE COMPANY REMOTE PROCESSING.	ONE COMPANY WHICH WILL CONTINUE TO USE	NUE TO USE	
• QUESTION: DOES A	DOES A FIRM GET VENDOR SOFTWARE	SOFTWARE	

QUESTION: DOES A FIRM GET VENDOR SOFTWARE BECAUSE IT WANTS A NEW SYSTEM, OR VICE VERSA?



ON-LINE OBJECTIVES MOTIVATE SOFTWARE SELECTION

SOURCE OF SOFTWARE FOR FUTURE SYSTEMS	NUMBER OF COMPANIES SELECTING	COMPANIES WITH IMPORTANT ON-LINE SYSTEMS PLANS	PERCENT
IN-HOUSE DEVELOPMENT	14	4	29%
VENDOR	12	8	67%
TOTAL	26	12	

- SOME COMPANIES' CURRENT SYSTEMS CANNOT EASILY
 BE EXPANDED TO AN ON-LINE MODE.
- COMPANIES OFTEN DO NOT HAVE THE TIME, RESOURCES OR CONFIDENCE TO DEVELOP AN ON-LINE DATA BASE SYSTEM.
- EXPLAINS WHY ONLY HALF OF COMPANIES PLANNING TO USE VENDOR SOFTWARE HAVE A FAVORABLE ATTITUDE TOWARD IT.



SOURCES OF SOFTWARE: PRESENT AND FUTURE

	NUMBER OF	COMPANIES
SOURCE OF SOFTWARE	PRESENT	FUTURE*
IN-HOUSE		
- OWN DEVELOPMENT	17	16
- AFFILIATED COMPANY	3	1
TOTAL	20	17
		*
VENDOR		
- PROCESSING SERVICE**	10	2
- SOFTWARE	3	11
TOTAL	13	13
DONT KNOW	_	2

^{*}TWO COMPANIES PLANNING TO USE TWO SOURCES.

^{**}NOTE: NOT RANDOM, INCLUDES FIVE INSCO CLIENTS.



CHANGES IN INSURANCE PROCESSING (TARGET SEGMENTS)

	1981	<u>1983</u>
IN-HOUSE HARDWARE	80%	90%
IN-HOUSE DEVELOPED SOFTWARE	70%	55%
VENDOR-SUPPLIED SOFTWARE	15%	35%
VENDOR PROCESSING SERVICE	25%	10%
TURNKEY SYSTEMS	5%	5%

NOTE: COLUMNS DO NOT TOTAL 100% BECAUSE OF OVERLAPPING.

SOURCE: SURVEY RESULTS AND INPUT ESTIMATES.





PURCHASING DECISION CASE HISTORY

- \$25 MILLION COMPANY.
- COMPANY HAS USED FOLLOWING:
 - SERVICE BUREAU.
 - IBM SYSTEM 3, IN-HOUSE OPERATION.
 - FACILITIES MANAGEMENT (USING HONEYWELL).
 - HONEYWELL, IN-HOUSE OPERATION.
- COMPANY'S PRESIDENT TALKED TO HEAD OF ANOTHER COMPANY ON GOLF COURSE.
 - OTHER COMPANY, IN START-UP MODE, VERY IMPRESSED WITH ISA.
 - "COULDN'T HAVE HANDLED BUSINESS WITHOUT IT."

— INPUT -



PURCHASING DECISION CASE HISTORY - continued

- THIS COMPANY HAS BEEN COMMITTED TO ISA FOR 18 MONTHS.
 - DATA PROCESSING DIRECTOR AND ALL STAFF BUT ONE HAVE GONE.
 - \$200K FOR SOFTWARE.
 - PACKAGE MODIFICATION COSTS MUCH HIGHER THAN EXPECTED (\$50K+)
 - CAN'T DEVELOP A CONVERSION PLAN.
 - USER DEPARTMENT INVOLVEMENT NOT DEEP.
- RESPONDENT PESSIMISTIC.



IMPORTANCE OF VENDOR SELECTION FACTORS TO COMPANIES	DOR SELECTION VIES	
RANKING OF FACTOR	FACTORS	COMMENTS
HDIH	SYSTEM RELIABILITY; TIME & EFFORT TO IMPLEMENT; FLEXIBILITY; USER CONTROL; SUPPORT & TRAINING	FACTORS ARE IMPORTANT AFTER ACQUISITION; INVOLVE IMPLEMENTA- TION & OPERATION.
MEDIUM-HIGH	REPUTATION/REFERENCES; COST; SYSTEM FEATURES.	FACTORS ARE IMPORTANT BEFORE ACQUISITION.
MEDIUM	RESPONSE TIME; VENDOR SIZE	RESPONSE TIME IMPORTANT TO THOSE GOING ON-LINE
MEDIUM/LOW	NUMBER OF CURRENT CUSTOMERS; GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF VENDOR	



IMPORTANCE OF VENDOR SELECTION - continued **FACTORS TO COMPANIES**

ABOVE GROUPS FORMED AS FOLLOWS:

RANKING GROUP AVERAGE RATING

HIGH 4.5 OR GREATER

MEDIUM/HIGH

4.0-4.4

MEDIUM

3.4-3.6

MEDIUM/LOW 3.1 OR UNDER



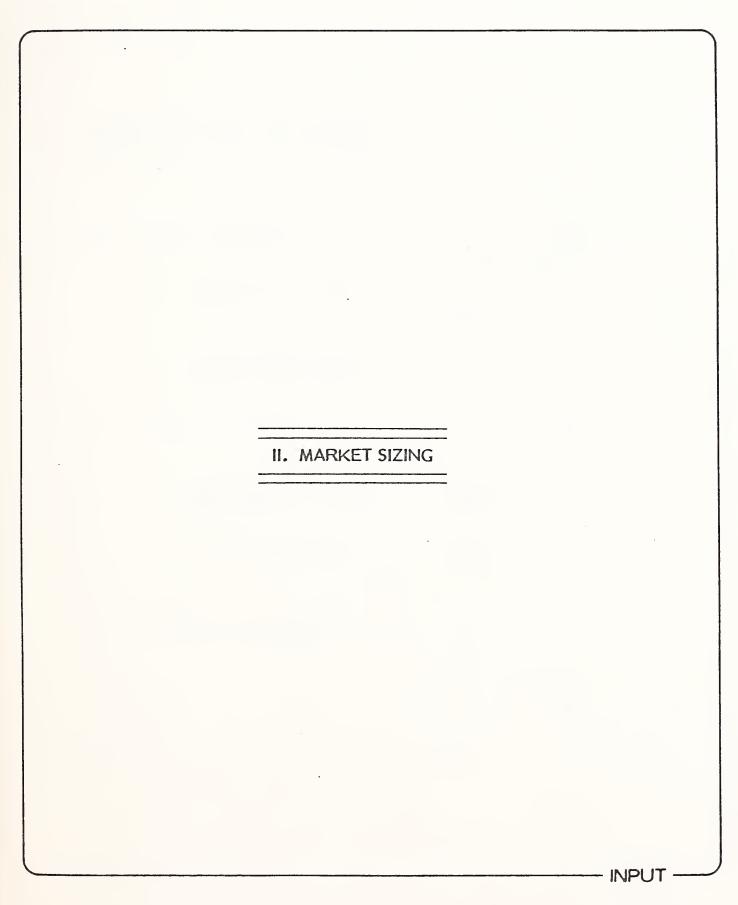
SUMMARY

- HIGH USE OF AUTOMATION.
 - RELATIVELY UNSOPHISTICATED.
- SIGNIFICANT EXPANSION PLANS.
- VENDORS WILL PLAY MORE OF A ROLE.
 - SOFTWARE VENDORS.
 - WANT SOFTWARE WITH GOOD IMPLEMENTATION AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.
 - ENTHUSIASM NOT HIGH.
- PREFERENCE IS TO MAXIMIZE USE OF IN-HOUSE SOFTWARE.
- RELATIVELY FEW DIFFERENCES RELATED TO COMPANY

 TYPE AND SIZE.

- INPUT -







PROPERTY/CASUALTY COMPANIES

•	STOC	K COMPANIES		1000
	-	UNDER \$2 MILLION (DIRECT PREMIUMS)	200	
	-	OVER \$2 MILLION (DIRECT PREMIUMS)	800	
•	MUTU	JAL COMPANIES		1600
	-	"LEADING" MUTUALS (PER BEST)	300	
	-	OTHER MUTUALS	1300	·
•	OTHE (LLO) FACT	ER YDS, RECIPROCALS, ORY MUTUALS)	7 5	
	TOTA	L		2575

SOURCE: INPUT ANALYSIS OF 1978 BEST DATA



POTENTIAL TARGET COMPANIES

- STOCK/MUTUAL COMPANIES.
- OVER \$2 MILLION DIRECT PREMIUMS.
- I,100 COMPANIES (800 STOCK, 300 MUTUAL).

INPUT -



(1978 DATA)	
ARGET COMPANIES BY SIZE (1978 DATA)	
ARGET (

SIZE RANGE DIRECT PREMIUMS (\$ MILLIONS)	NUMBER OF COMPANIES*	AVERAGE SIZE DIRECT PREMIUMS - \$ BILLION)	TOTAL PREMIUM VOLUME (\$ BILLION)
\$ 2-3.9	150	\$ 2.5	\$.375
\$ 4-9.9	260	9	1.560
\$ 10-24.9	270	91	4.320
\$ 25-99.9	270	50	13.500
\$ 100 & OVER	150	ı	i
TOTAL	1100		
*NOT AGGRAGATED BY GRC	3Y GROUP.		

SOURCE: INPUT ESTIMATES BASED ON INSCO BEST REPORT LH42-612.



POTENTIAL MARKET SIZE: DP SERVICES AND PRODUCTS

(1978 DATA; \$ MILLION)

MARKET SIZE FOR OUTSIDE SERVICES*

@ 25% OF DP <u>BUDGET</u>	\$ 2	9	14	<u>70</u>	\$ 92
@ 75% OF DP BUDGET	9 \$	15	77	200	\$ 265
DP EXPENSES @ 2% OF DIRECT PREMIUMS	8 \$	21	58	270	\$357
SIZE RANGE DIRECT PREMIUMS (\$ MILLION)	\$ 2-3.9	\$ 4-9.9	\$10-24.9	\$25-99.9	TOTAL

*CURRENT EXPENDITURES AVERAGE APPROXIMATELY 35% OF TOTAL BUDGET.

IGNORES EFFECTS OF COMPANY GROUPING.



MARKET SEGMENTATION FACTORS

- OVERALL COMPANY SIZE.
- SIZE OF PERSONAL LINES BUSINESS.
- COMPANY GROUPS.
- GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION.



MARKET SEGMENTATION FOR THIS STUDY

- ORIGINALLY, COMPANIES WITH \$10-100 MILLION DIRECT PREMIUMS, AND:
 - A MAJORITY OF PERSONAL LINE (HOMEOWNERS AND PRIVATE AUTO) BUSINESS.
- BROADENED IN THE COURSE OF STUDY:
 - IF A COMPANY HAD \$25-100 MILLION TOTAL DIRECT PREMIUMS.
 - . AT LEAST \$10 MILLION IN PERSONAL LINES.
 - IF \$4-25 MILLION TOTAL DIRECT PREMIUMS.
 - . AT LEAST \$4 MILLION IN PERSONAL LINES.
- ABOUT 35% OF PROPERTY/CASUALTY COMPANIES BETWEEN \$4-100 MILLION MEET THE BROADENED REQUIREMENTS.
 - ABOUT 20% WOULD MEET THEM USING ORIGINAL DEFINITIONS.

INPUT -

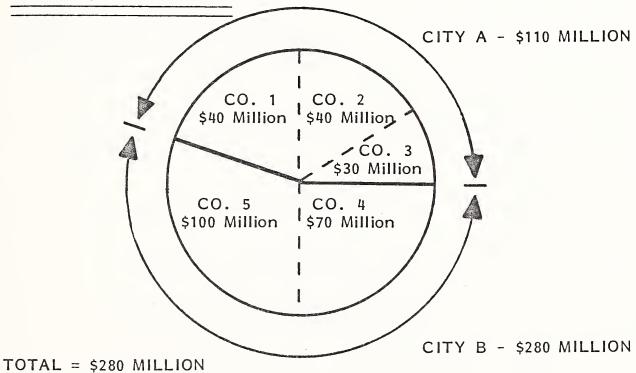


GROUPS

- THERE ARE APPROXIMATELY 275 GROUPS WHICH INCLUDE A PROPERTY/CASUALTY COMPANY.
- THERE ARE APPROXIMATELY 1,200 COMPANIES IN THESE GROUPS.
 - OVER A THIRD OF COMPANIES IN GROUPS ARE LIFE INSURERS.
 - GROUPS RANGE IN SIZE FROM 2 TO 29 COMPANIES.
 - AVERAGE GROUP SIZE IS FOUR COMPANIES.
 - THERE IS AN AVERAGE OF TWO PROPERTY/-CASUALTY COMPANIES PER GROUP.







- THERE IS A 50% CHANCE OF THERE BEING ONE BUYING AND OPERATING UNIT.
- ALMOST CERTAINLY THERE ARE NO MORE THAN TWO OPERATING/BUYING UNITS.
 - EACH UNIT WOULD BE LARGER THAN \$100 MILLION.



GROUP EXAMPLE - ANDOVER GROUP

- THREE LEGALLY SEPARATE COMPANIES OPERATING AS ONE UNIT.
 - BAY STATE INSURANCE (\$7 MILLION).
 - CAMBRIDGE MUTUAL (\$60 MILLION).
 - MERRIMACK MUTUAL (\$34 MILLION).
- LOCATED IN ANDOVER, MASSACHUSETTS (SAME BUILDING).



GROUP EXAMPLE - SENTRY GROUP

- SENTRY INSURANCE.
 - STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN.
- "MINUTE MAN" COMPANIES.
 - BEST'S: "RELATED BUT CONDUCTING SEPARATE OPERATIONS".
 - CONCORD, MASSACHUSETTS (SAME BUILDING).
 - . MIDDLESEX (\$44 MILLION).
 - . PATRIOT GENERAL (\$9 MILLION).
 - UNITARY OPERATIONS.
- DAIRYLAND, DAIRYLAND MUTUAL, GREAT SOUTHWEST.
 - BEST'S: COMMUNITY OF INTEREST WITH SENTRY GROUP, BUT INDEPENDENTLY OPERATED".
 - SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA.

- INPUT ·



GROUP EXAMPLE - SENTRY GROUP - continued

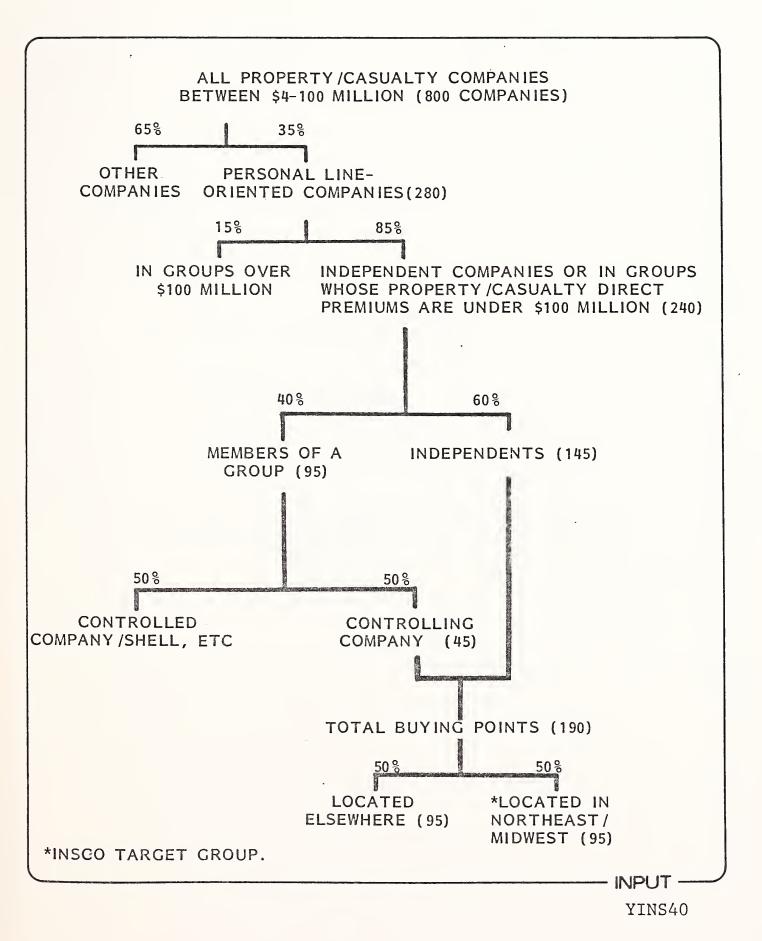
- CONTROLLED AND ADMINISTERED CENTRALLY.
 - CLAIMS ADMINISTRATION FOR ALL COMPANIES HANDLED GEOGRAPHICALLY.
 - A SINGLE ON-LINE DATA PROCESSING NETWORK.
 - . ALL PROCESSING AT STEVENS POINT.
 - . AFTER "MINUTE MAN" ACQUISITIONS IN MID-70's, INDEPENDENT SYSTEMS CONVERTED.
 - . "MINUTE MAN" COMPANIES ARE AMERICAN AGENCY.
 - . SENTRY IS A DIRECT WRITER.



GROUP EXAMPLE - BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY

- LOOSELY COUPLED, OPERATIONAL INDEPENDENCE.
 - 13 COMPANIES IN 9 CITIES.
 - HOME AND AUTO (INSCO CLIENT) IN CHICAGO IS PART OF GROUP.
- SEVERAL COMPANIES IN GROUP INSTALLING ISA.
 - COORDINATED PURCHASE.
 - . UNCOORDINATED INSTALLATION AND TAILORING.
 - "NASTY" EXPERIENCE.
- "POSSIBILITY" THAT HOME AND AUTO MAY HAVE TO USE ISA.







GEOGRAPHY

- INSCO TARGET IS NORTHEAST/MIDWEST.
 - CHICAGO ON THE WEST.
 - CINCINNATI AND WASHINGTON D.C. ON THE SOUTH.
- THIS MARKET INCLUDES ABOUT HALF OF ALL PROPERTY CASUALTY COMPANIES.



POTENTIAL PROSPECTS

NUMBER OF BUYING POINTS*

	GEOGRAF	PHICAL	
LINE OF INSURANCE	NORTHEAST	OTHER	TOTAL
PERSONAL	95	95	190
COMMERCIAL	<u>190</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>380</u>
TOTAL	185	185	570

*BUYING POINT = INDEPENDENT COMPANY OR GROUP UNDER \$100 MILLION.



MARKET SEGMENT SIZES FOR VENDOR SERVICES

(\$ MILLION)

•••••	•		
LINE OF INSURANCE	NORTHEAST	OTHER	TOTAL
PERSONAL	\$16	\$16	\$32
COMMERCIAL	<u>\$30</u>	<u>\$30</u>	\$60
TOTAL	\$46	\$46	\$92

• INPUT ESTIMATES BASED ON AVERAGE DIRECT PREMIUMS OF \$30 MILLION PER COMPANY AND A DATA PROCESSING BUDGET FOR VENDOR SERVICES OF .5% OF DIRECT PREMIUMS.



MARKET SIZE CONCLUSIONS

- PRESENT INSCO TARGET GROUP IS RELATIVELY SMALL.
 - NINETY-FIVE (95) COMPANIES.
- COMMERCIAL LINES PRODUCT WOULD TRIPLE SALES OPPORTUNITIES.
- GROUP MARKET SHOULD BE BETTER UNDERSTOOD.
 - SIZING SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY COMPUTER ANALYSIS.
 - SALES EFFORTS SHOULD IDENTIFY DECISION MAKERS WITHIN A GROUP AND EXTENT OF GROUP COHESIVENESS.



	III.	COMPETITIVE ENVIRO	NMENT
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- COMPETITORS.
- KINDS OF SERVICES.
 - PROCESSING.
 - SOFTWARE.
 - TURNKEY.
 - PRODUCTS.



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RATING BY TYPE OF VENDOR COMPANY*

	KAII	NG BY IYPE OF	KAIING BY IYPE OF VENDOR COMPANY*	* \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	INDUSTRY	INSURANCE COMPANY	INDEPENDENT SOFTWARE	HARDWARE
CUSIOMER COMPANY	SPECIALISI	SUBSIDIARY	COMPAIN	COMPAINT
MUTUALS				
UNDER \$25 MILLION	2.7	0.4	2.2	2.0
OVER \$25 MILLION	3.3	3.3	2.0	2.0
STOCK				
UNDER \$25 MILLION	2.6	2.6	2.4	9.1
OVER \$25 MILLION	3.4	4.3	6.1	<u> </u>
AVERAGE-ALL COMPANIES	3.0	3.5	2.1	1.7



		SIGNIFICANT				×	· ×			×						Î
AIES:	POSITION ON LIST	VENDORS COMPANIES	9	_	က	6	01	2	2	4	8	_		12	7	OW) TO 5 (HIG
COMPA	POSITION	ENDORS	_	2	3	4	2	9	7	ω	6	01		=	12	E OF I (L(
OF VENDOR SELECTION FACTORS TO COMPANIES: CEPTIONS		FACTORS	REPUTATION/REFERENCES	SYSTEM RELIABILITY	FLEXIBILITY	TRANSACTION TURNAROUND	VENDOR SIZE	TIME & EFFORT TO IMPLEMENT	SUPPORT & TRAINING	EXTENT OF USER CONTROL	SYSTEM FEATURES	NUMBER OF CURRENT CUSTOMERS	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION	OF VENDOR	COST	*RESPONDENTS RATED EACH FACTOR ON A SCALE OF I (LOW) TO 5 (HIGH).
IMPORTANCE OF VENDO VENDORS PERCEPTIONS		RANKING OF FACTOR*	HIGH					MEDIUM/HIGH		MEDIUM		_	MFDIUM/LOW			*RESPONDENT



COMPETITORS

- TWO LEADING FIRMS.
 - ISA, PMS.
- SECONDARY ESTABLISHED FIRMS.
 - LYCOR (TURNKEY).
 - MIDWEST DATA SERVICES (CELINA).
 - INSCO.
- VERY SMALL FIRMS.
 - NOT NECESSARILY REGIONAL.
 - CREATE A MARKET; FOR EXAMPLE:
 - . INSURANCE NETWORK SYSTEMS (NJ).



COMPETITORS - continued

- LOWER PROFILE INSURANCE COMPANY SPIN-OFFS/-SERVICE BUREAUS.
 - THREE USER COMPANIES FOUND IN THIS SURVEY ARE EXAMPLES.
 - . SECURITY CASUALTY (CHICAGO).
 - . NORTHEAST DATA SERVICE (BOSTON).
 - . ROCKFORD MUTUAL.
- IN-HOUSE DATA PROCESSING.



PMS/ISA

- UNIVERSAL RESPECT, TINGED WITH AWE.
- VERY GOOD TECHNICALLY.
- SEEN AS ENORMOUS BURDEN FOR SMALLER COMPANY.
 - CUSTOMERS RANGE FROM \$6 MILLION TO \$1.5 BILLION.
 - NINETY-NINE (99) LEVELS OF BUDGETING.
 - FIVE FEET OF MANUALS TO UNDERSTAND.
 - HAVE TO CONFORM.
 - OVERSELL TOP MANAGEMENT.
 - CONVERSION/MODIFICATIONS NOT APPROACHED REALISTICALLY.
 - TOO OFTEN VIEWED AS ONLY A DATA PROCESSING PROJECT.



PMS CUSTOMER BASE*

		PROC	CESSING SER	VICE	
SIZE OF COMPANY	SOFT- WARE	<u>PMS</u>	NON-PMS	TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL
\$ 4-9.9	3	I	3	4	7
10-24.9	8	6	5	11	19
25-49.9	14	1	7	8	22
50-99.9	22	3	3	6	28
100+	33	2**	3	5	38
	80	13	21	34	114

*FOR COMPANIES USING BASIC INSURANCE SOFTWARE OR SERVICE, EXCLUDES THOSE USING SPECIALIZED PRODUCTS, E.G., REPORTING SYSTEMS.

**INCLUDES SEIBELS, BRUCE.

- INSCO PICKED THE UNDER \$100 MILLION MARKET BECAUSE IT DOESN'T WANT TO COMPETE WITH PMS.
 - BUT 60% OF PMS SOFTWARE CUSTOMERS ARE UNDER \$100 MILLION.
 - SMALLEST IS \$6 MILLION.



INSURANCE COMPANY SPIN-OFFS PROFILES - ONE	OFFS PROFILES - ONE				·
NAME	PARENT	PARENT SIZE (\$ MIL.)	RELATIONSHIP	YEAR EST.	TYPE OF SERVICE
MIDWEST DATA SERVICES CELINIA, OH	CELINA MUTUAL	\$43	DIVISION	1965	ON-LINE DDP
INS. PROCESSING INC. CHICAGO, IL	SECURITY MUTUAL CASUALTY	\$35	TO BE LEGALLY DISTINCT	1977	ON-LINE
MUTUAL DATA INS. INC. BOSTON, MA	QUINCY MUTUAL	\$44	LEGALLY DISTINCT	1971	RJE
ROCKFORD MUTUAL ROCKFORD, IL	ROCKFORD MUTUAL	\$17	DEPT.	1970's	RJE/- BATCH
				TUPUT	J TJ



OMPANICE COMPANY SPINLOFF - PROFILES TWO	Y SPIN_OFF	- PROFIL	OWT 8=			
Name	Software Source	No. Of Clients	Client Size (\$ Mil)	Regional	Actively Mktg.	Reason For Service
MIDWEST DATA SVS	ISA	20	\$2-25	Y-LARGE AREA	>-	BUSINESS VENTURE
INS. PROCESSING	SELF	01	\$6-20	Z	∑	BUSINESS VENTURE
MUTUAL DATA INS., INC.	SELF; TO INSTALL PMS	71	\$4-50	Y-SMALL	Z	NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL CO-OP
ROCKFORD MUTUAL	SELF	65-70	EACH UNDER \$1	Y-SMALL AREA	Z	PART OF LINKS TO COUNTY MUTUALS



REMOTE PROCESSING SERVICES

- BASIC AVERSION BY COMPANIES, PREFER IN-HOUSE.
 - CONTROL.
 - FLEXIBILITY.
 - TIMELINESS.
 - STILL NEW ENTRANTS, APPARENTLY SUCCESSFUL.
 - . MUST BE ON-LINE, INTERACTIVE.



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: HOME AND AUTO

SIZE 1: \$10 MILLION

SATISFACTION

- MEDIUM.
 - INSCO CAN'T HANDLE VOLUME.
 - "THEY SOMETIMES FORGET WE'RE HERE".

CHANGES DESIRED

- IN-HOUSE HARDWARE.
 - INSCO MINI PROPOSAL "INTERESTING".
 - INTEND TO LOOK OVER FIELD TO "GET PERSPECTIVE".
- PREFER IN-HOUSE DEVELOPED SOFTWARE.
 - BUT FEEL PROBABLY NOT ECONOMIC.
 - MAY BE FORCED TO USE ISA BECAUSE SISTER COMPANIES ARE INSTALLING.

INPUT -



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: HOME AND AUTO - continued

RATIONALE FOR PREFERENCE

- IN-HOUSE SYSTEM CAN ADAPT EASIER TO:
 - NEW LINES.
 - NEW STATES.

YEAR OF CHANGE: 1982+

PROBABILITY: MEDIUM



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: MONARCH OF OHIO

SIZE 1: \$30 MILLION

SATISFACTION

- MEDIUM.
- USE SEVERAL VENDORS.

CHANGES DESIRED

- BRING ALL PROCESSING IN-HOUSE.
- NOW TALKING TO IBM ABOUT HARDWARE.
- ASSUME WILL USE A VENDOR SOFTWARE PACKAGE.
- COST JUSTIFICATION WILL BE IMPORTANT.



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: MONARCH OF OHIO - continued

RATIONALE FOR PREFERENCE

- COMMON SYSTEMS.
- TIMELINESS.

YEAR OF CHANGE: UNKNOWN.

PROBABILITY: MEDIUM-HIGH.



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: PENNINSULA INSURANCE OF MARYLAND

SIZE: \$4 MILLION

SATISFACTION

- MEDIUM.
 - LOSS REPORTING IN 1978 INACCURATE.
 - . TOOK YEAR TO RECOVER.
 - USED PREVIOUS SERVICE BUREAU FOR 21 YEARS.
 - . OWNER RETIRED.

CHANGES DESIRED

- LIKE TO GO IN-HOUSE.
 - PROBABLY NOT FINANCIALLY FEASIBLE.



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: PENNINSULA INSURANCE - continued OF MARYLAND

RATIONALE FOR PREFERENCE

- CONTROL.
- QUALITY.

YEAR OF CHANGE: UNKNOWN.

PROBABILITY: LOW



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: ROCKFORD MUTUAL

(NOTE: NORTHERN ILLINOIS FARMERS MUTUAL ACQUISITION IS INSCO CUSTOMER.)

SIZE: \$17 MILLION - TOTAL

SATISFACTION

MEDIUM.

CHANGES DESIRED

- PULL INSCO PROCESSING ONTO IN-HOUSE SYSTEMS.
- CHANGED TO ON-LINE SYSTEMS IN 1980.

RATIONALE FOR PREFERENCE

WANT COMMON SYSTEMS.

YEAR OF CHANGE: 1982

PROBABILITY: HIGH.



INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: UNITED GENERAL INSURANCE OF TEXAS

SIZE: \$18 MILLION

SATISFACTION

- MEDIUM.
 - TIMELINESS.
 - QUALITY.

CHANGED DESIRED

IN-HOUSE SYSTEM.

RATIONALE FOR PREFERENCE

- "IN LONG RUN MUST GO IN-HOUSE BECAUSE OF GROWTH.
- CONTROL QUALITY.
- FASTER TURNAROUND.

YEAR OF CHANGE: 1983-1985

PROBABILITY: MEDIUM-HIGH.



	PROBABILITY	MEDIUM	MEDIUM-HIGH	row	HOH	MEDIUM-HIGH
	YEAR	1982+	<i>د</i> ٠	i	1982	1983-1985
	CHANGES DESIRED WARE SOFTWARE	VENDOR, MAYBE ISA	VENDOR	VENDOR	IN-HOUSE	VENDOR
IS: SUMMARY	CHANGE!	IN-HOUSE	IN-HOUSE	IN-HOUSE	IN-HOUSE	IN-HOUSE
INSCO CUSTOMER PLANS: SUMMARY	COMPANY	HOME AND AUTO	MONARCH	PENINSULA	ROCKFORD	UNITED GENERAL OF TEXAS



VENDOR SOFTWARE

- LESS PENETRATION SO FAR IN SMALLER COMPANIES.
- AVERSION FOR MIXTURE OF REASONS.
 - PRESENT OFFERINGS VERY BULKY.
 - DATA PROCESSING DEPARTMENT "HARI-KARI".
- MOST SMALLER COMPANIES CAN'T DEVELOP/MAINTAIN GOOD ON-LINE SOFTWARE.
 - GRUDGING ACCEPTANCE OF VENDOR SOFTWARE IF GOING TO PROGRESS.



SOURCES OF VENDOR SOFTWARE*

PMS	4
PMS OR ISA	1
ISA	1
CELINA (PROCESSING SERVICE)	l
UNIDENTIFIED	5
TOTAL	12

*FOR INTERVIEWED COMPANIES PLANNING NEW SYSTEMS OR SIGNIFICANT SYSTEM CHANGES.



PROFILE OF A TURNKEY PROSPECT

- CUSTOMER CHARACTERISTICS.
 - LITTLE DATA PROCESSING EXPERIENCE, UN-SOPHISTICATED.
 - NO ON-SITE DATA PROCESSING.
 - POTENTIAL FOR IMMEDIATE TURNKEY IMPACT.
 - FEW UNIQUE CUSTOMER NEEDS, ACTUAL OR PERCEIVED.
 - LITTLE RESISTANCE TO CHANGING ADMINI-STRATIVE SYSTEMS TO CONFORM TO SYSTEM.
 - CUSTOMIZATION BY CUSTOMER OR EASY TO DO BY VENDOR.
- SUCCESS INDUSTRY: AUTO DEALERS.
- EVEN SMALL-MEDIUM INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVE FEW OF THESE CHARACTERISTICS.



VCES
ERED
Y HARDWARE PREFERENCES
ARE
RDW
EY HA
LURNKE
J. J.

QUESTION: WOULD IT MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE WHO MANUFACTURED THE HARDWARE IN A TURNKEY SYSTEM?

	WOULD MAKE A DIFFERENCE	WOULDN'T MAKE A DIFFERENCE	TOTAL
DIRECT ANSWER	81	01	28
PREFERENCE TOWARD A SPECIFIC MANUFACTURER?*			
- IBM	14	9	20
- HEWLETT-PACKARD	4		5
- OTHERS		2	9
- NO PREFERENCE	_	ħ	5

*SEVERAL RESPONDENTS HAD MORE THAN ONE FAVORITE.



REACTION TO TURNKEY SYSTEMS

- QUALITATIVE.
 - LITTLE AWARENESS.
 - LITTLE INTEREST.
- INTERPRETATION.
 - MAY REPRESENT LACK OF KNOWLEDGE/- EDUCATION.
 - THREAT PERCEIVED TO IN-HOUSE DATA PRO-CESSING ADVANTAGES.
 - . CONTROL.
 - . FLEXIBILITY.
 - . RESPONSIVENESS.
 - THREAT TO DATA PROCESSING.



TURNKEY SYSTEM VENDORS PMS. ONE OF 16 SALES IN 1980 WERE "TURNKEY". LYCOR. SELLS ONLY TURNKEY SYSTEMS. SEVEN OR EIGHT TURNKEY SALES SINCE 1974.



TURNKEY SYSTEM VENDORS

- AID.
 - JOINT VENTURE WITH ANDOVER GROUP, MID-1970's.
 - SUPPOSED TO COST \$50K, COST \$225K.
 - VENDOR HAS BEEN UNSUCCESSFUL IN MAKING FURTHER SALES (ACCORDING TO ANDOVER).
 - . TRIED FOR THREE YEARS.
 - ANDOVER VERY SATISFIED BUT SYSTEM IS LIMITED.
 - . RATING, ISSUING ONLY.
 - . NO DIRECT BILLING, ACCOUNTING.
 - SUPPOSED TO HOLD 100K POLICIES, BUT ONLY HOLDS 65K.
 - . NO MAINFRAME LINK.
 - MAY ABANDON WHEN ACQUIRE ISA OR PMS PACKAGE.



PERSONAL LINES MARKET

- RELATIVELY SMALL.
- APPROACHING SATURATION FOR "BASIC" DATA PROCESSING SERVICES.
- STILL POTENTIAL FOR "NEXT GENERATION" SYSTEMS.
 IN ORDER OF PRIORITY:
 - ON-LINE.
 - MORE FLEXIBLE.
 - DATA BASE ORIENTED.
- ESTABLISHED MARKET LEADERS.
 - SOME DISSATISFACTION WITH PACKAGE "BULKINESS".



COMMERCIAL LINES

- RELATIVELY LARGE MARKET.
- LARGELY UNAUTOMATED.
 - SMALLER COMPANIES UNSURE ON HOW TO PROCEED.
- COMMERCIAL OFFERINGS PICKING UP SPEED.
 - PMS HALF WAY THROUGH INTRODUCTION OF COMPLETE COMMERCIAL LINES PACKAGE.
 - A NEW ENTRANT OFFERS ONLY COMMERCIAL LINES SERVICES.
- POTENTIAL FOR GROWTH.
 - NO FIRM APPEARS TO BE ESTABLISHED.



MARKET NEEDS

- KEY CHARACTERISTICS.
 - ON-LINE SYSTEM.
 - ALL LINES.
- ON-SITE HARDWARE.
 - IBM AN OPTION, AT LEAST.
- NON-THREATENING/SUPPORTIVE PRODUCT.
 - NO "FIVE FOOT SHELF OF BOOKS" APPROACH.
 - . EASY TO USE.
 - RETAIN LOCAL CONTROL AND FLEXIBILITY, I.E.,
 - . SOME USER PROGRAMMING.
 - ALLOW FOR RETENTION OF LOCAL DATA PRO-CESSING STAFF.
 - . FUNCTIONAL RATIONALE (CONTROL, FLEX-IBILITY).
 - . MORE IMPORTANTLY, MARKETING RATIONALE.



IV. RECOMMENDATIONS TURNKEY SYSTEM. PRODUCT CONCEPT PROPOSAL. - INPUT -YINS75



TURNKEY SYSTEM

- INPUT RECOMMENDS AGAINST PROCEEDING WITH TURNKEY PRODUCTS IN GENERAL.
 - LACK OF CUSTOMER ENTHUSIASM FOR CONCEPT.
 - PREFERENCE FOR IN-HOUSE CONTROLLED SOFTWARE.
 - LACK OF MARKET ACCEPTANCE OF CURRENT PRODUCTS.
- THE AID PRODUCT APPEARS RISKIER THAN OTHERS.
 - ONE SITE.
 - INCOMPLETE PRODUCT.
 - POSSIBLE PILOT SITE ABANDONMENT.
- LYCOR IS A BETTER CHOICE.
 - SEVEN TO EIGHT SALES.
 - MORE COMPLETE PRODUCT.
 - WILLING TO LICENSE.
 - . IMMEDIATE START-UP.



PRODUCT CONCEPT PROPOSAL

- KEY CHARACTERISTICS.
 - TECHNICALLY ADVANCED.
 - . DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.
 - . DATA COMMUNICATIONS CAPACITY.
 - . REPORT WRITER.
 - . GENERALIZED TRANSACTION PROCESSOR.
 - CAPABLE OF RUNNING ON IBM 360 & 370 HARDWARE.
 - . MARGINAL HARDWARE UPGRADES FOR MANY CUSTOMERS.
 - . CHEAP USED EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE.
 - . 4300 OPTION.
 - . IBM NAME A PLUS.

- INPUT -



PRODUCT CONCEPT PROPOSAL - continued

- PURPOSELY INCOMPLETE SOFTWARE.
 - ELIMINATES TAILORING OTHERWISE NECESSARY.
 - RESPONDS TO REAL AND IMAGINED UNIQUENESS.
 - . NON-THREATENING APPROACH.



PRODUCT CONCEPT IMPLEMENTATION

- BECOME A MARKETING LICENSE FOR:
 - EXISTING DATA BASE MANAGEMENT PACKAGE (E.G., SYSTEM 2000).
 - AN ASSOCIATED COMMUNICATIONS MONITOR AND REPORT WRITER.
- DEVELOP ANCILLARY SOFTWARE FRAMEWORK.
 - SEVERAL DATA BASE DESIGNS.
 - A TRANSACTION PROCESSOR.
 - TABLE DESIGNS (E.G., FOR RATING).
 - REPORT DESIGNS.
 - CUSTOMERS MAY USE SOME OR ALL OF ABOVE.
 - . CUSTOMER WOULD BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL APPLICATION CODING.
- DEVELOP INSTALLATION AND CONVERSION AIDS.
 - LET CUSTOMER MAKE CONVERSION.

- INPUT -



FUNCTIONAL ADVANTAGES

- DATA MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE
 WOULD BE OFF THE SHELF.
 - LITTLE DEVELOPMENT TIME NEEDED.
 - NO INVESTMENT.
 - RELIABLE.
 - COULD BE USED FOR OTHER CUSTOMER FUNCTIONS.
- IBM HARDWARE/SOFTWARE UNDERSTOOD.



FUNCTIONAL ADVANTAGES - continued

- CUSTOMER WOULD HAVE CONTROL AND KNOWLEDGE.
 - SOFTWARE WOULD CONFORM TO CUSTOMER RATHER THAN VICE/VERSA.
 - INTERMEDIARY CONVERSION STEPS WOULD BE REMOVED; CUSTOMER WOULD'T HAVE TO:
 - . UNDERSTAND DETAILS OF A FOREIGN APPLICATION.
 - . TRANSLATE FROM ONE CODING STRUCTURE TO ANOTHER.
 - FASTER RESPONSE TO NECESSARY CHANGES
 - SMALL COMPANIES COULD HAVE "PARA-PROGRAMMERS".



MARKETING APPROACH

- OPEN-ENDED PACKAGE ALLOWS FOR EACH COMPANY'S UNIQUENESS TO BE EXPRESSED.
- A MODERN DATA BASE MANAGERMENT SYSTEM AND FACILITIES FOR ON-LINE COMMUNICATIONS.
- COMPANY WILL HAVE COMPLETE CONTROL.
- MARKET NICHE.
 - WHAT IS GOOD FOR A \$1.5 BILLION COMPANY MAY BE TOO MUCH FOR A \$20 MILLION COMPANY.



MARKETING ADVANTAGES

- ACCEPTANCE OF TESTED CORE SOFTWARE.
- IBM ENVIRONMENT.
- LIFE EASIER FOR DATA PROCESSING MANAGEMENT.
 - DOESN'T HAVE TO CONTEND WITH NON-APPLICATION DATA BASE MANAGEMENT AND DATA COMMUNICATIONS SOFTWARE.
 - FOCUS ON APPLICATIONS SOFTWARE.
 - CAN FEEL UP-TO-DATE.



MARKETING ADVANTAGES - continued

- IMAGE POTENTIALLY EQUAL TO ISA/PMS.
 - IMPORTANT FOR GENERAL MANAGEMENT.
 - MODERN TECHNOLOGY.
 - RETAINS THE NEED FOR AN IN-HOUSE DATA PROCESSING STAFF.
 - COMPANY DOESN'T FEEL NAKED.
 - DATA PROCESSING MANAGEMENT CAN KEEP EMPIRE.
- CAN BE USED FOR COMMERCIAL LINES AS WELL.
- IN PRINCIPLE, NO COMPANY SIZE BARRIERS.





